



W.A. Smith Memorial School

**SUMMER VACATION
THEME BIRD**

SESSION : 2024 – 2025

CLASS - 1

NAME OF THE STUDENT:



FACTS ON SPARROW

Some interesting facts about the chirping bird.

- Sparrows are around 14-16 cm long. They are chirpy, with grey and brown colour.
- They have the ability to fly at the speed of 38.5 km/hour and can even reach a speed of 50 km/hour.
- Males and female house sparrows can be easily distinguished by the feather colouration: males have reddish backs and a black bib, while females have brown backs with stripes.
- Sparrows raise three nests of 3-5 eggs. Both male and female help to incubate the eggs for 12-15 days. The fledgelings usually fly out after 15 days.
- They inhabit on ideal sparrow habitat nesting on buildings, roofs, and houses.
- Once found in huge numbers across the world, the small bird is slowly making its way to the endangered list.
- Sparrows usually fly at the speed of 24 miles per hour. When needed (in the case of danger), they can accelerate to the speed of 31 miles per hour.
- Sparrow is a symbol of loyalty in Japan owing to its friendly nature and ability to live in groups.

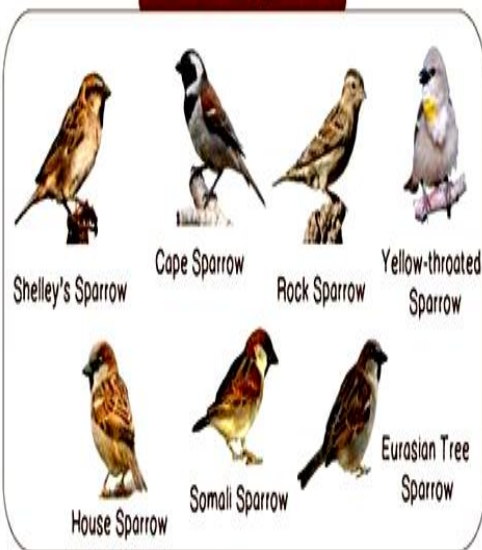
Types of Sparrows



New World Sparrows



Old World Sparrows



Other Birds commonly referred to as Sparrows





Written work
English Literature
Handwriting

Write 10 lines on Sparrow and draw the picture of it.

Use pages of old notebooks of English for handwriting practice. Write the Paragraph given on the next page.

Birds

Story by Andrew Frinkle

Birds are a kind of animal. Birds can be found all over the world. Sparrows, doves, cardinals, owls, eagles, hawks, chickens, and hummingbirds are some common birds.



Birds are vertebrates, so they have backbones. They are the only kind of animal with feathers. Birds lay eggs. Usually they have a nest for the eggs. Birds have two feet and special arms. They don't have hands or fingers. They have flippers or wings.



Most birds can fly. Birds have feathers, wings, and very light bones to help them fly. They can't be too heavy! Only a few birds, like ostriches or penguins, can't fly.



Bird Watching Explorer Activity



Names:

Number of Birds I Watched:

Bird Drawing

Bird Name:

Color:

Beak Color:

Feet Color:

Big or Small?:

Baby or Adult?:

Favorite Y or N?:

Bird Drawing

Bird Name:

Color:

Beak Color:

Feet Color:

Big or Small?:

Baby or Adult?:

Favorite Y or N?:

Bird Drawing

Bird Name:

Color:

Beak Color:

Feet Color:

Big or Small?:

Baby or Adult?:

Favorite Y or N?:

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True or False

Directions: Read the sentences and write true or False in the blank..

- _____ 1. Birds are born from eggs.
- _____ 2. Birds have gills to breathe, like fish.
- _____ 3. Birds have wings that allow them to fly.
- _____ 4. The bird's bodies are covered in feathers.
- _____ 5. Birds are cold-blooded.
- _____ 6. Penguins don't fly, but they are birds.
- _____ 7. Birds have holes instead of ears.
- _____ 8. All of the birds can fly.
- _____ 9. Birds have teeth.
- _____ 10. Birds eat seeds, plants and hunt animals.
- _____ 11. Birds lay their eggs in nests.

My Bird Report

Paste a picture
of a bird here

Where do bird's live?

What do bird's eat?

How does a bird keeps
itself safe?



List down some interesting facts about birds:

हिन्दी



लिखित कार्य हिन्दी सुलेख

गौरैया पक्षी पर 10 पंक्तियाँ लिखिए और उसका चित्र
बनाइए।

हस्तलेखन अभ्यास के लिए हिंदी की पुरानी नोटबुक
के पन्नों का उपयोग करें।

अगले पृष्ठ पर दिए गए पैराग्राफ को लिखें।

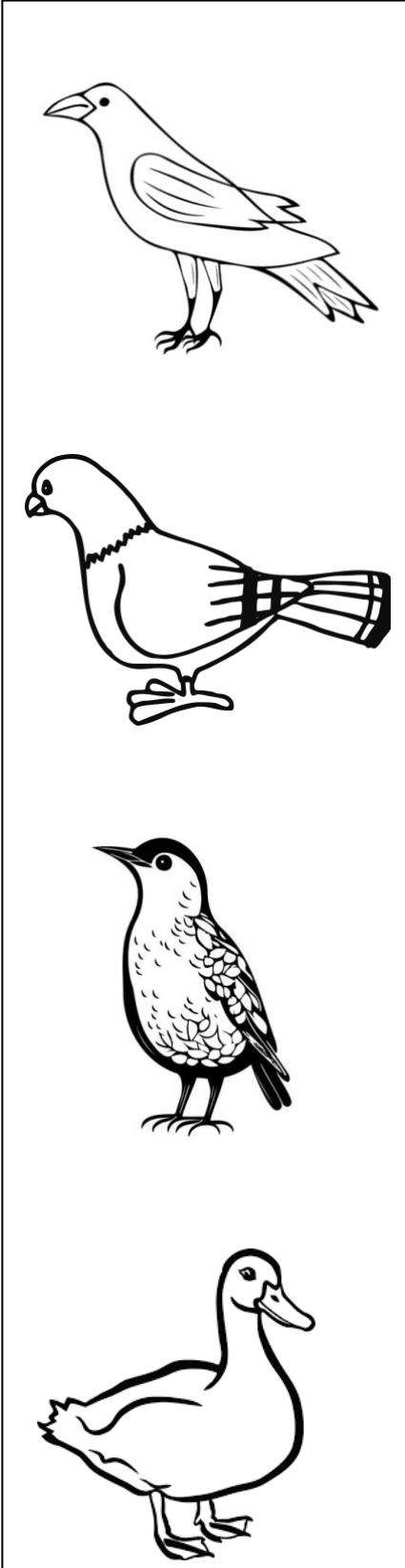
पक्षी पर निबंध

पक्षी उड़ने वाले जीव हैं। ये आसमान में पंख फैलाकर उड़ते हैं तो आकर्षक दृश्य उपस्थित हो जाता है। प्रभात और सायंकाल में इनकी किलकारी से धरती गुंजित हो उठती है। इनके निवास से वन-प्रांतों की शोभा निखर उठती है। इनके आकर्षक रंगों से हर कोई मोहित हो जाता है।

पक्षी हैं ही बड़े अजीब। कोई काला, कोई हरा तो कोई जामुनी। इनका हल्का शरीर इन्हें उड़ने में मदद करता है। इनके पंख हल्के तथा रंग-बिरंगे होते हैं। इनके दो पैर और दो आँखें होती हैं। पैरों की सहायता से ये धरती पर विचरण करते हैं। कुछ पक्षी आकाश में अत्यंत ऊंचाई पर उड़ते हैं तो कुछ मात्र दो-चार फुट का फासला ही तय कर पाते हैं। जिस प्रकार संसार में अनेक प्रकार की विभिन्नताएँ पायी जाती हैं, उसी प्रकार पक्षी जगत् में भी अनेक प्रकार की विभिन्नताएँ पायी जाती हैं। परंतु दो विशेषताएँ तो सबमें समान हैं-एक तो ये उड़ सकते हैं, दूसरा यह कि सभी पक्षी अंडे देते हैं।

निम्नलिखित को मिलाएं

पक्षियों से सही नाम मिलाओ



a) बत्तख

b) मोर

c) कोयल

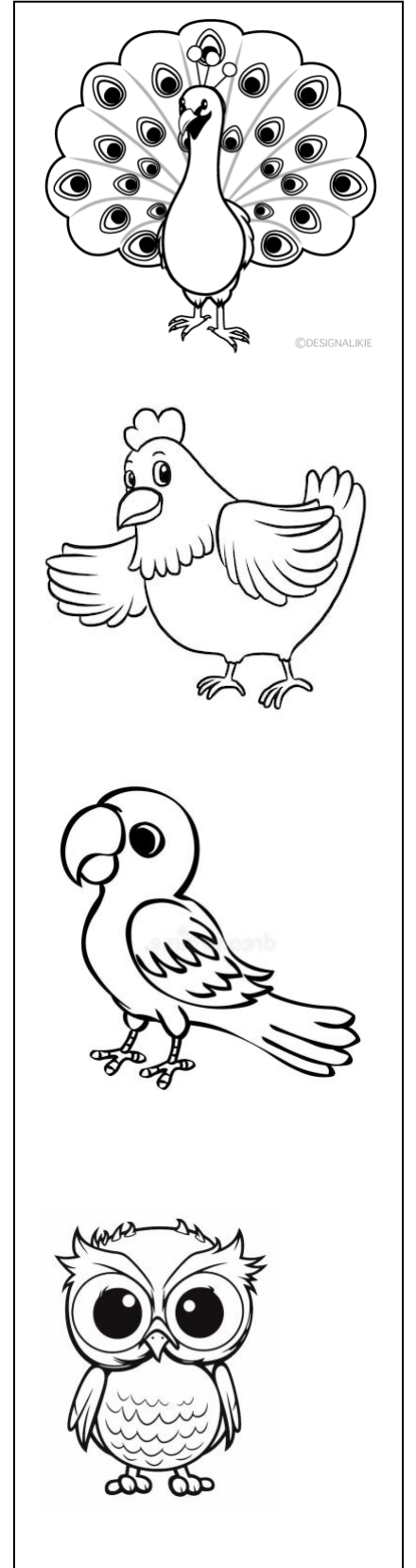
d) उल्लू

e) मुर्गी

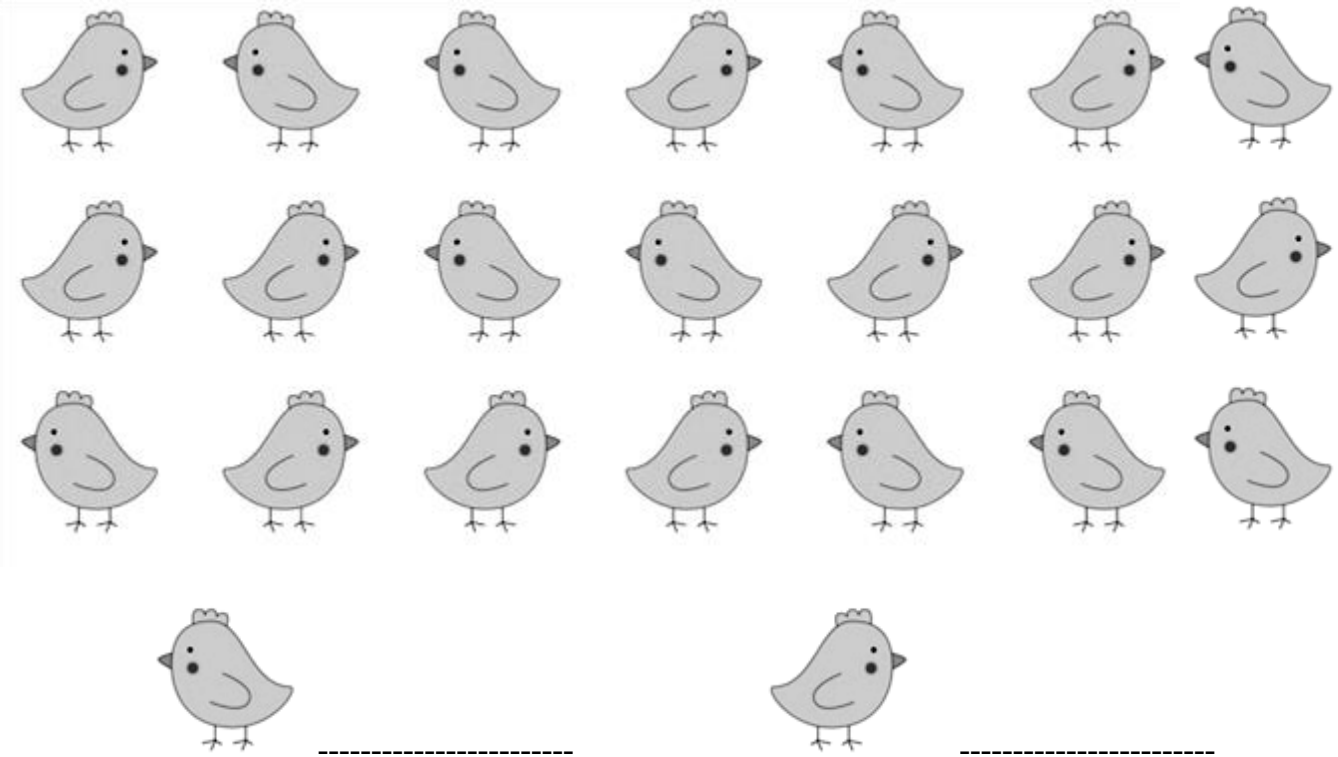
f) कौआ

g) तोता

h) कबूतर



पक्षियों की दिशाएँ पहचानिए और उनकी संख्या लिखिए :



अलग - अलग पक्षियों के नाम तथा उनके रंगों के नाम लिखिए :

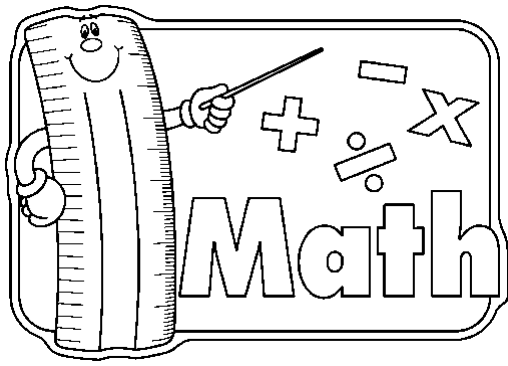
१. _____

२. _____

३. _____

४. _____

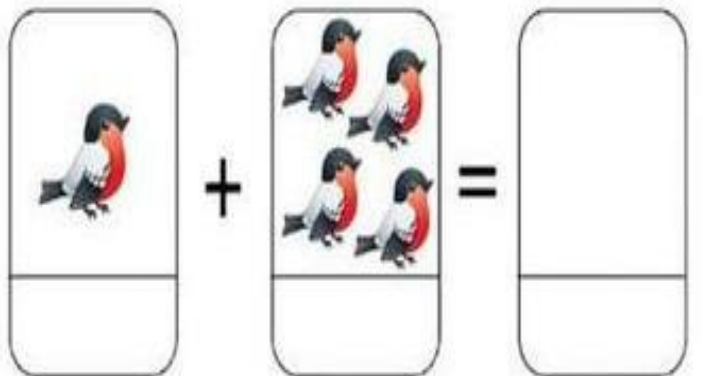
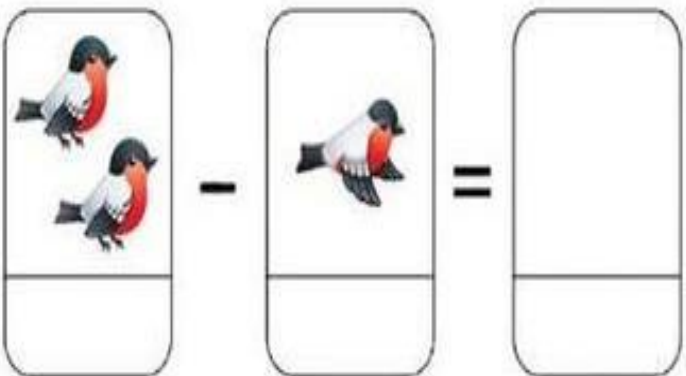
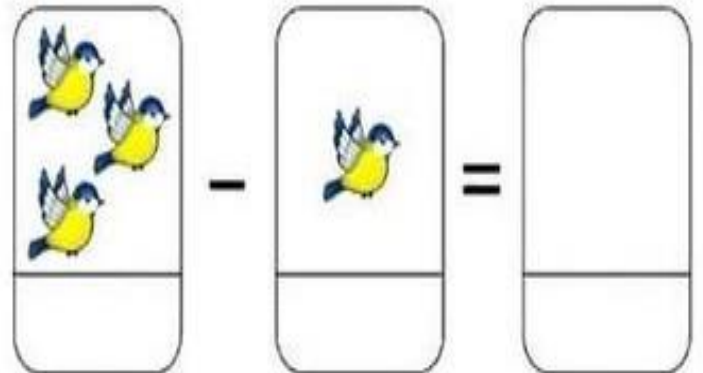
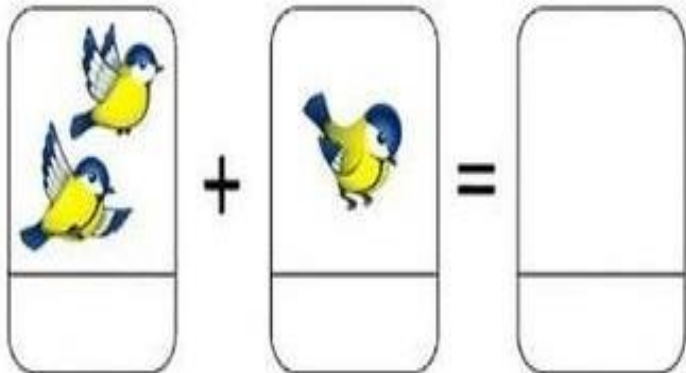
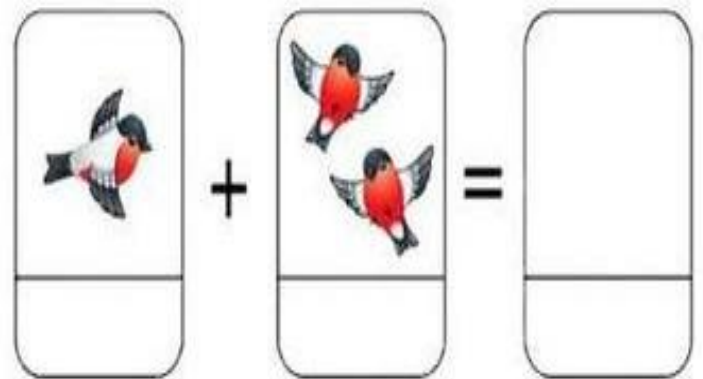
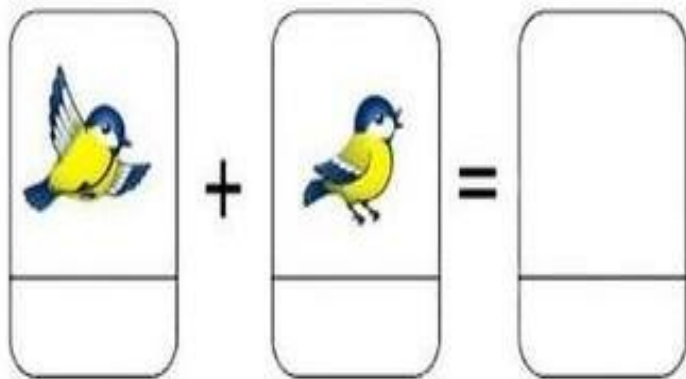
५. _____



MATHS LEARNING WORK

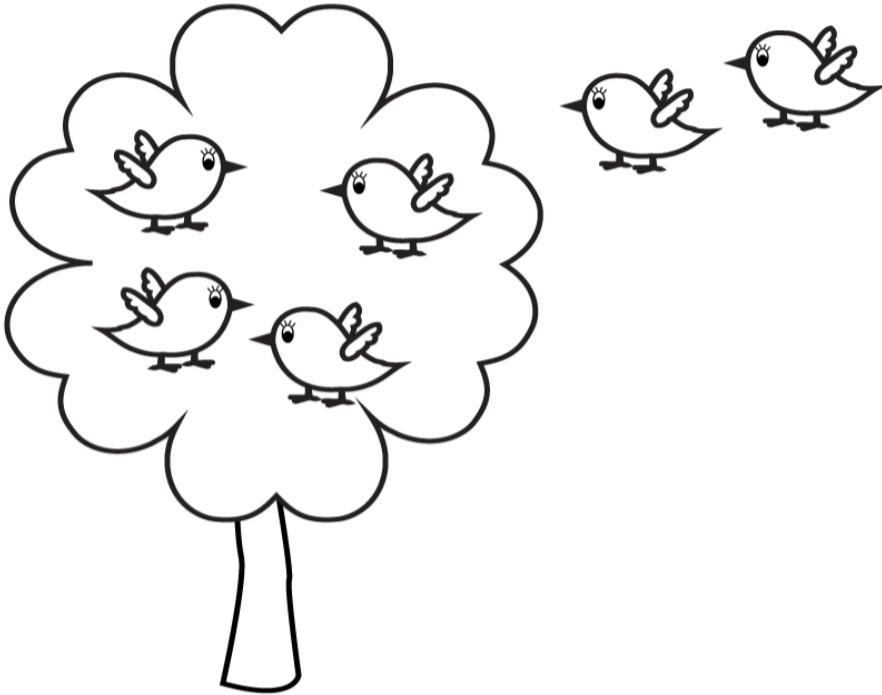
- Number Names
- Counting Numbers.
- Times Table 2 to 5

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION



STORY SUMS

There are 4 birds sitting on a tree. 2 more birds join them. How many birds are sitting on the tree now?

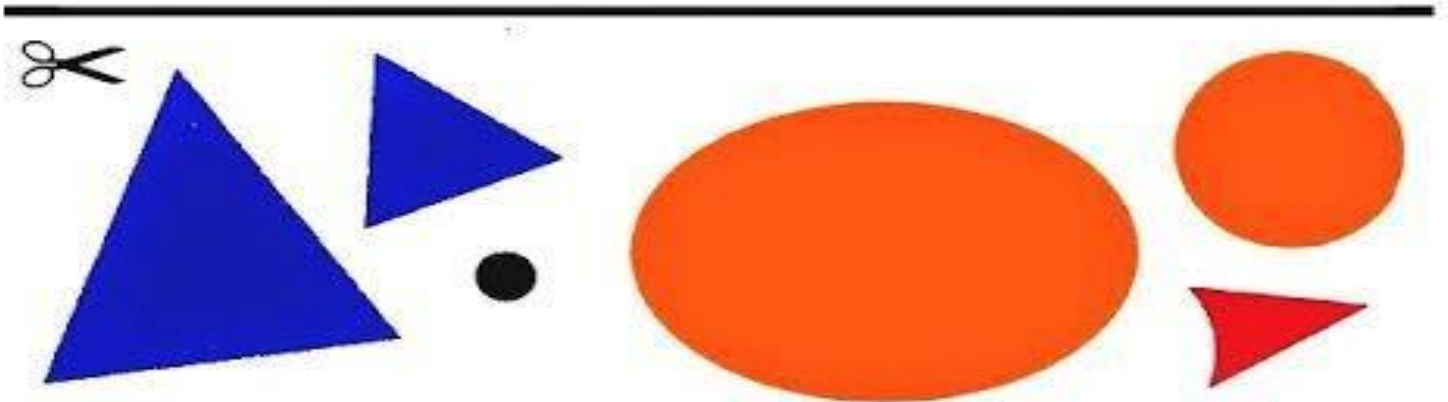
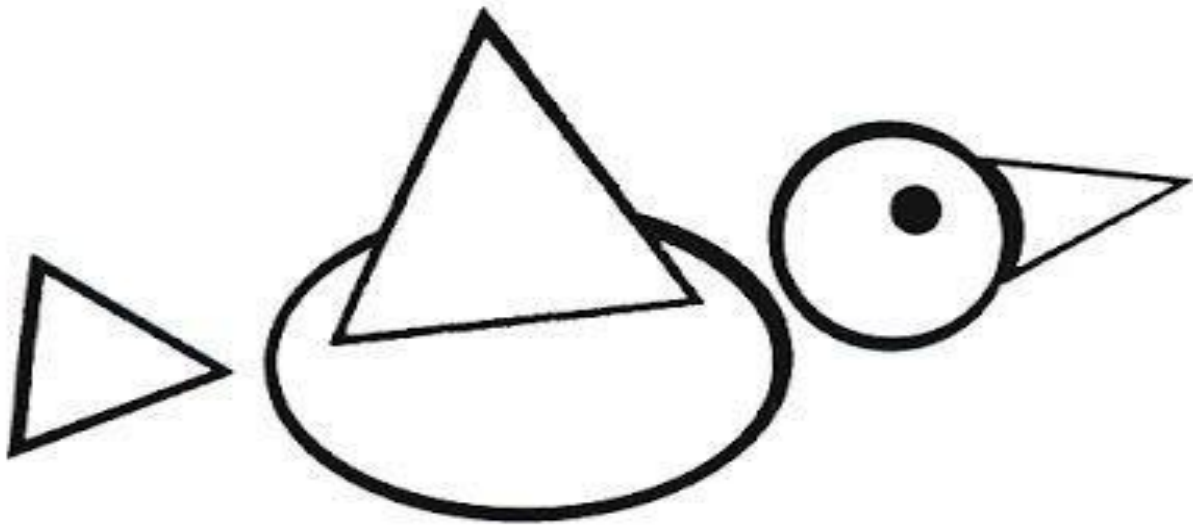
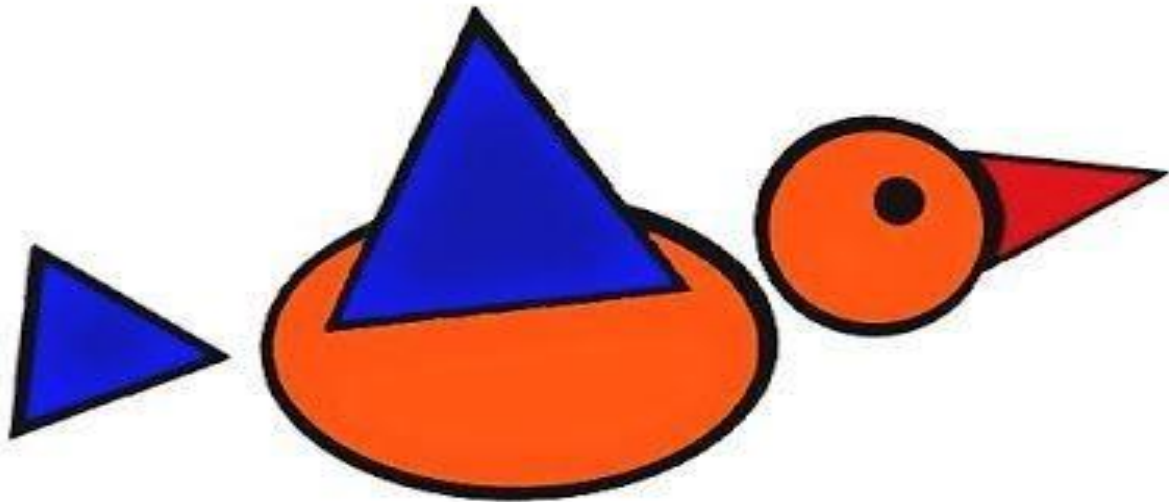


2 ducks are playing in a pond. 3 more ducks join them. How many ducks are there in all?



Shapes

Cut the different types of shapes and paste it.

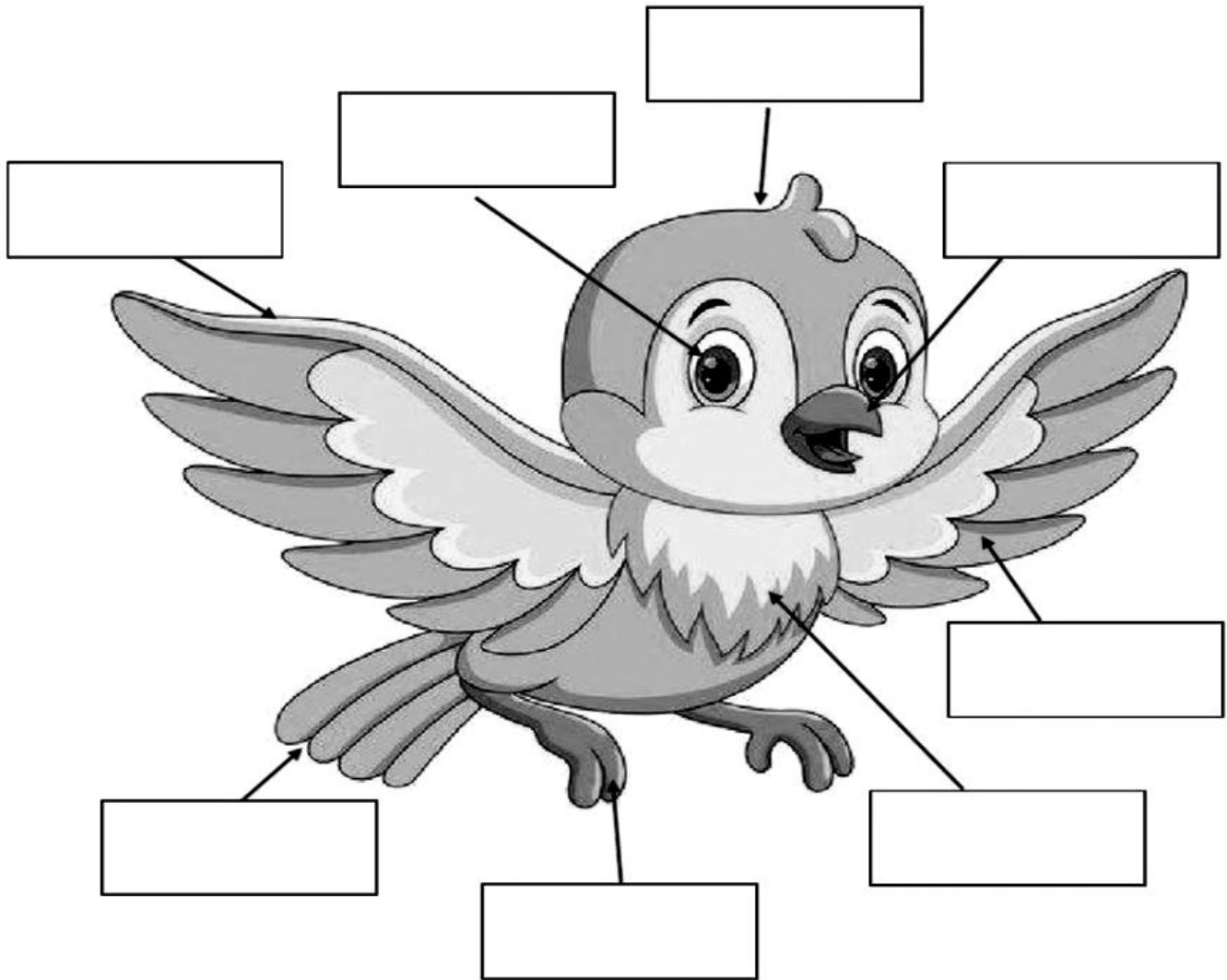




EVS Learning Work

Learn the New Words and Question and answers

Part of a bird.

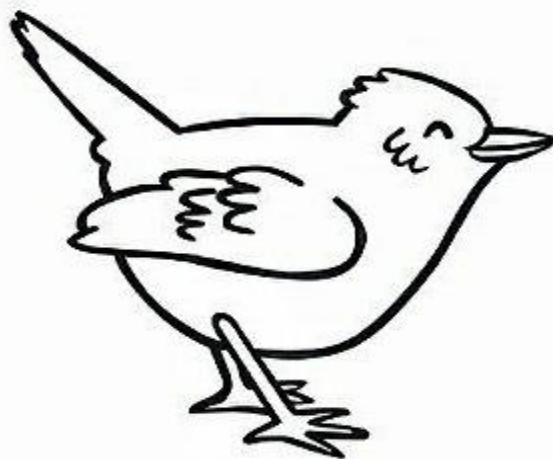


head	eye	beak	feather
body	leg	tail	wing

Birds in Your Garden

Sparrow

Sparrows live...



Sparrows eat...

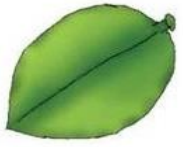
Sparrows have...

Interesting Information:



Art and Craft

आज दीदी पत्ते लेकर आई थीं।



कितने सारे पत्ते
तरह-तरह के पत्ते।



हमने पत्तों को अच्छे से देखा।
कुछ पत्ते लंबे थे...
तो कुछ गोल थे।
एकदम गोल...
कुछ छोटे...
कुछ बड़े...



Collect the leaves,
stick them and make a
picture of any bird of
your choice.



BIRD KEY RING

**Make a key ring with the
waste materials.**